

### Development of Fungal Mock Community Standards for Mycobiome Studies

Juan Lopera, PhD Scientist, ATCC

ASM Microbe 2019 San Francisco, CA June 21, 2019

Credible Leads to Incredible™





# **About ATCC**

Founded in 1925, ATCC is a non-profit organization with HQ in Manassas, VA, and an R&D and Services center in Gaithersburg, MD

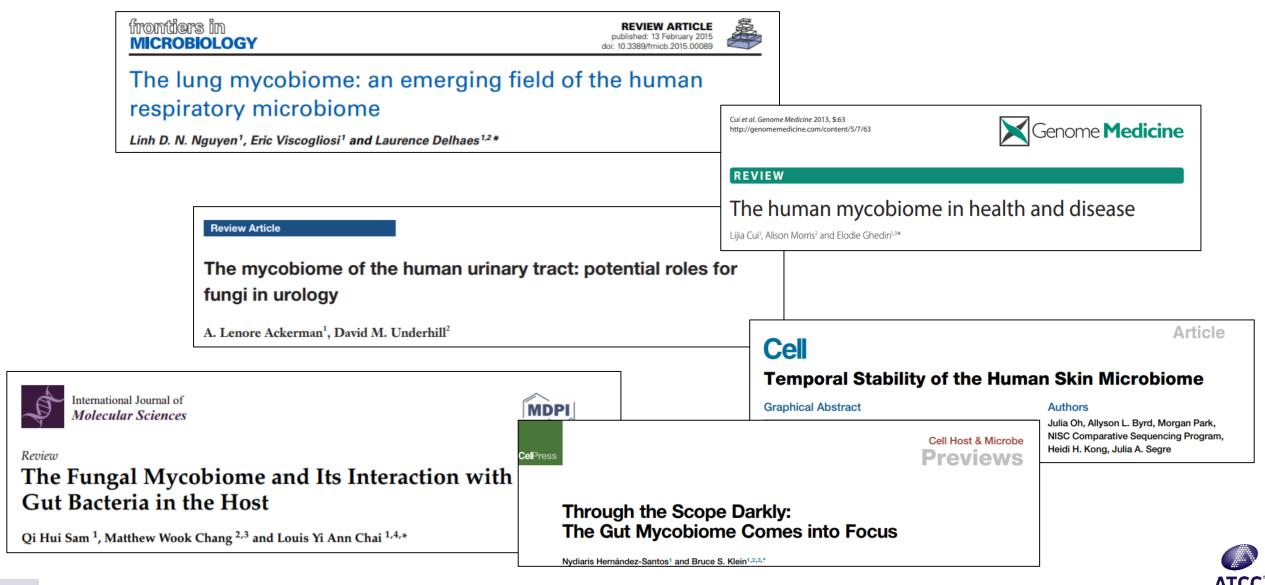
World's premier biological materials resource and standards development organization

- -5,000 cell lines
- -80,000 microorganisms
- Genomic & synthetic nucleic acids
- Media/reagents

- ATCC collaborates with and supports the scientific community with industrystandard biological products and innovative solutions
- Growing portfolio of products and services
- Sales and distribution in 150 countries,
  17 international distributors
- Talented team of 450+ employees, over one-third with advanced degrees

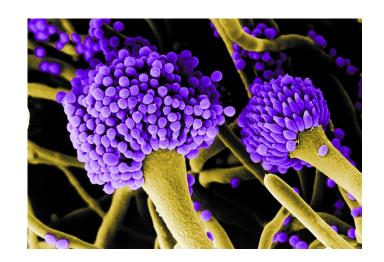


### An Emerging Need For Reference Materials in Mycobiome Research

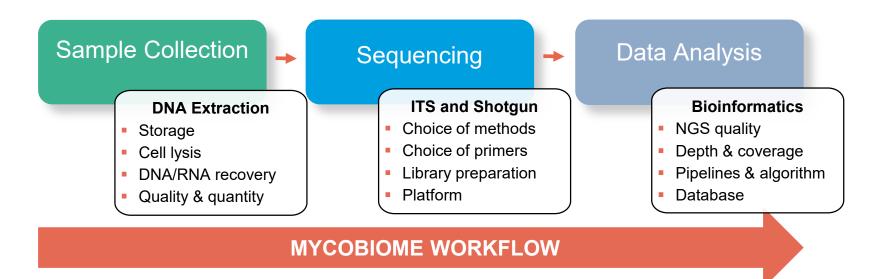


# ATCC® Mycobiome Standards

Product description, research uses, and applications



Standard	ATCC <sup>®</sup> Catalog No.	Preparation	Description
	MSA-2010™	Whole Cell	Even mixture of whole cells comprising 10 fungal strains (2 x 10 <sup>6</sup> cells of each organism)
Mycobiome	MSA-1010™	Genomic DNA	Even mixture of genomic DNA comprising 10 fungal strains (2 x 10 <sup>6</sup> genome copies of each organism)





# Mycobiome Composition

Fungal strain selection, attributes, and clinical relevance

ATCC® No.	Species Name	Genome Size (Mb)	Relevancy
MYA-4609™	Aspergillus fumigatus	28.8	Opportunistic, airborne pathogen that is responsible for fungal infections in immunocompromised patients.
10231™	Candida albicans	17.1	Commensal fungus of the oral cavity that can form biofilms on denture surfaces, leading to mucosal infections.
2001™	Candida glabrata	12.3	Commensal fungus of the oral cavity and human gut that can acquire resistance to azole antifungals, leading to infection.
208821™	Cryptococcus neoformans var. grubii	18.9	Responsible for cryptococcal meningitis in immunosuppressed patients.
MYA-4612™	Malassezia globosa	9.0	Part of the normal skin flora, but can be responsible for skin diseases such as dandruff, dermatitis, and folliculitis.
201390™	Saccharomyces cerevisiae	12.2	Bakers' and brewers' yeast originating in food. Emerging pathogen in immunocompromised patients.
9533™	Trichophyton interdigitale	21.9	Can infect skin and nails to cause chronic infections such as athlete's foot and ringworm.
204094™	Cutaneotrichosporon dermatis (Trichosporon dermatis)	23.3	Emerging opportunistic agent of invasive fungal infections, particularly in severely immunocompromised patients.
10106™	Penicillium chrysogenum	32.5	Spore-former, less prevalent, but can be responsible for intestinal infection in immunosuppressed patients.
36031™	Fusarium keratoplasticum (F. solani complex)	48.6	Filamentous, opportunistic pathogen that causes fungal keratitis.



## Development of Mycobiome Standards

Products specifications



#### Whole Cell Standards

- Authenticated ATCC cultures
- Growth and image cytometry cell counting
- Mixed in even proportion based on cell number
- Storage at 4°C



#### **Genomic DNA Standards**

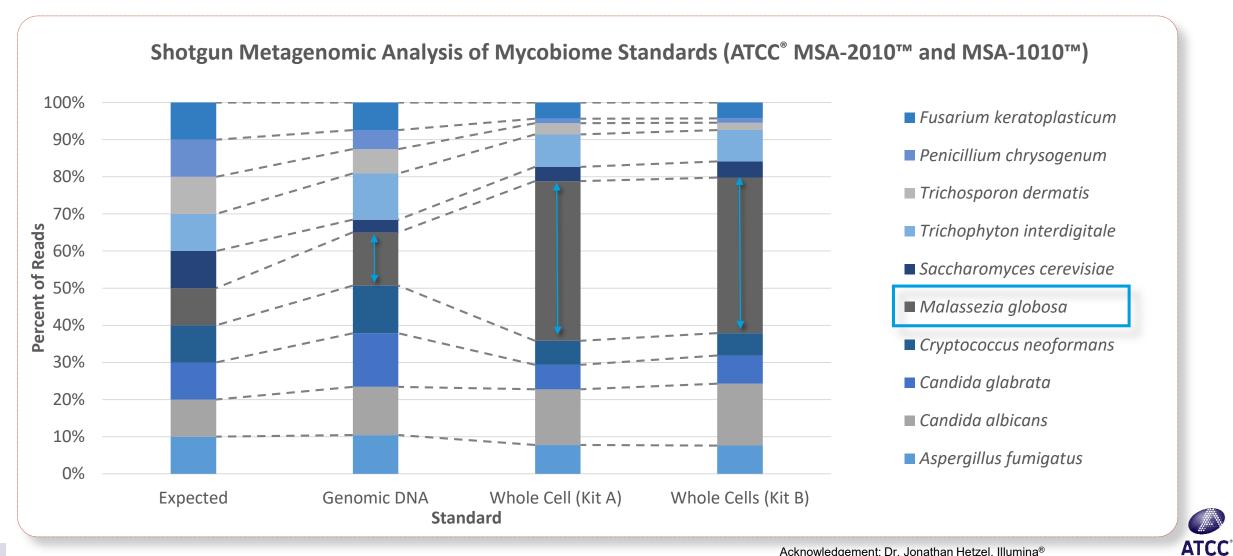
- Authenticated ATCC nucleic acids
- Fluorescent dye-based quantification
- Mixed in even proportions based on genome copy number
- Storage at -20°C

Assay development, optimization, verification, and quality control



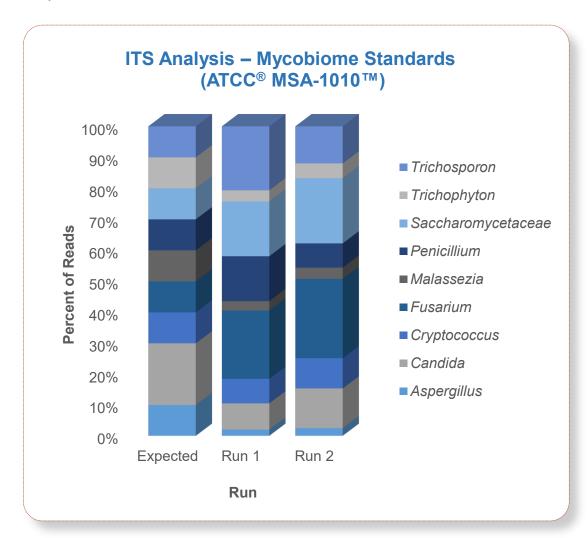
### Evaluation of DNA Extraction Kits

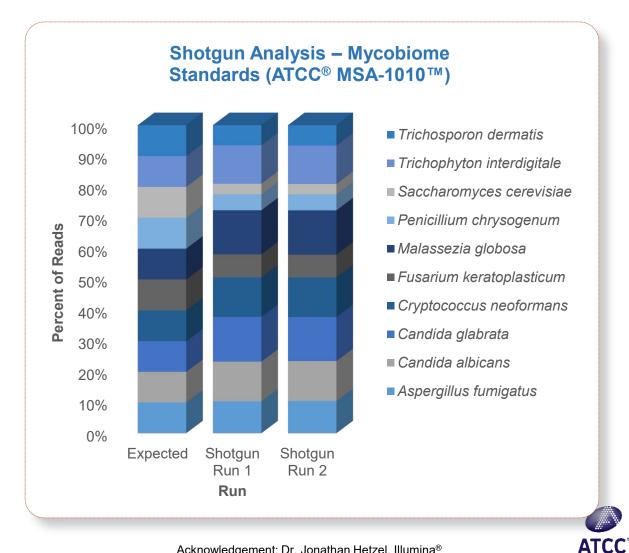
Whole cell mock mycobiome communities can be used to evaluate the impact of DNA extraction on the mycobiome analysis



# Evaluation of ITS and Shotgun Analyses

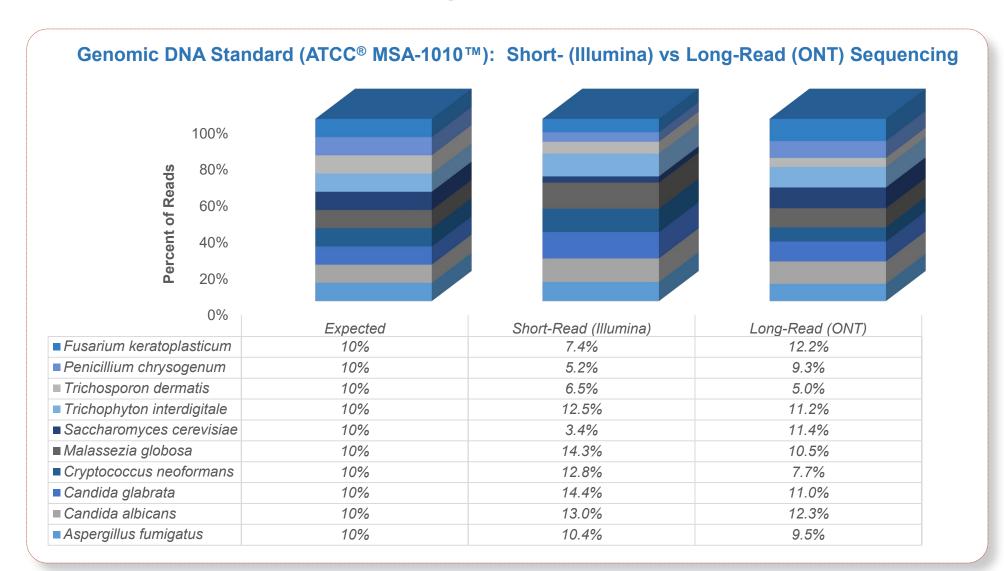
ITS analysis can resolve up to the genus level whereas shotgun metagenomics can identify to the species level





# Evaluation of Short- and Long-Read Technologies

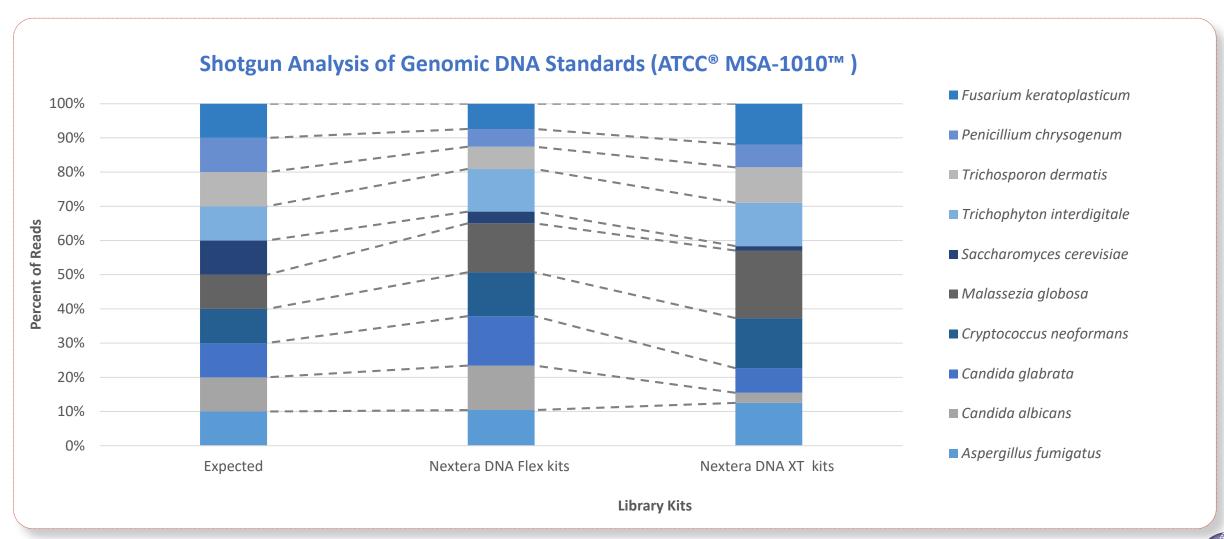
ATCC Mycobiome Standards are platform agnostic





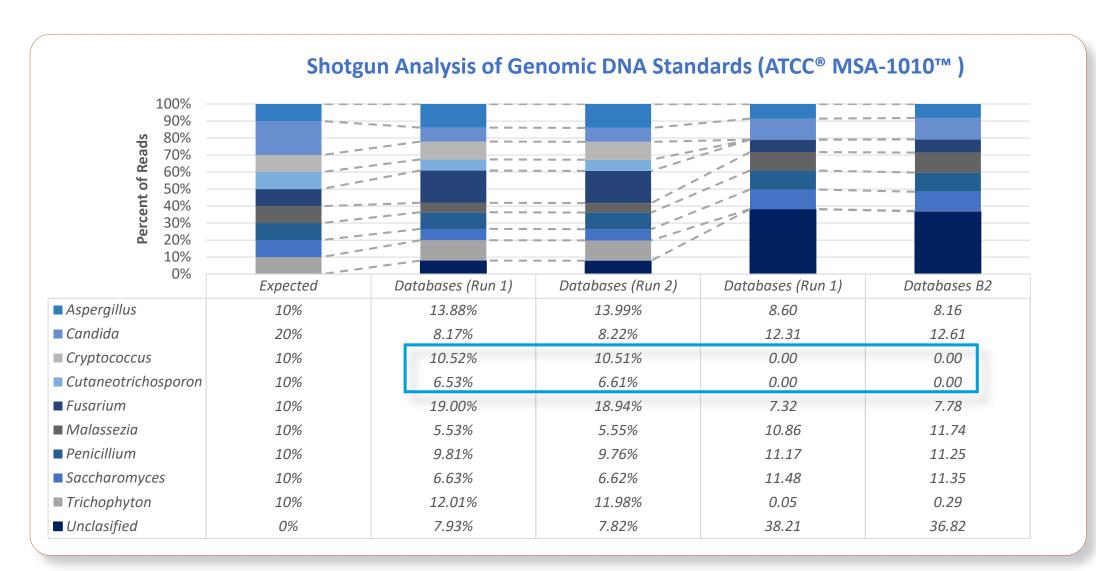
# Evaluation of Library Preparation Kits

Comparison of different library preparation kits with the genomic DNA Mycobiome Standards



# Evaluation of Analysis Platforms and Genome Databases

Data analysis platform impacts strain identification and taxonomic resolution





# Acknowledgements







# Thank you!



# Questions?

Credible Leads to Incredible™



